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| APPLICATION NO. | F | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/029,024 | | 12/28/2001 | Kurtis Chad Kelley | 8350.0553-00 3804 | |
| 22852 | 7590 | 09/22/2005 | • | EXAMINER | |
| FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER | | | | NGUYEN, TU MINH | |
| LLP 901 NEW Y | ORK AV | ENUE, NW | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413 | | | | 3748 | |

DATE MAILED: 09/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. Applicant(s) | | • |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Off: A 11 O | 10/029,024 | KELLEY ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Tu M. Nguyen | 3748 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | ppears on the cover sheet with the | correspondence address | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IDENTIFY - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the course the application to become ABANDON | DN. timely filed on the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01</u> | Sentember 2005 | | |
| , | is action is non-final. | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allow | | rosecution as to the merits is | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | • | | |
| · | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | , | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the applicatio | n. | • | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | awn from consideration. | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected. | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ | or election requirement. | | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin | er. | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 December 2001</u> is/ | ′are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obje | cted to by the Examiner. | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S | ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | Examiner. Note the attached Office | e Action or form PTO-152. | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| • | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig | n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(| a)-(d) or (f). | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | de bere bere en en en en en en | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documer | | dia a Nia | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documer | • • | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri | · · | ved in this National Stage | |
| application from the International Bure | | and . | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis | at of the certified copies not recen | 7ea. | |
| | | | |
| Attachment(s) | · 🗖 | 4 44-0 | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 | 3) 5) Notice of Informa | Patent Application (PTO-152) | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 6) Other: | | |

DETAILED ACTION

1. An Applicant's Amendment filed on September 1, 2005 has been entered. Overall, claims 1-18 are pending in this application.

Based on the arguments presented in the Amendment and on the Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 1.131 filed on May 3, 2005, the finality of a previous Office Action mailed on June 6, 2005 has been withdrawn; and a new Office Action is set forth below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office Action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-4, 6-12, 14, 15, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirth (U.S. Patent 4,765,803).

Re claims 1, 6, and 10, as illustrated in Figures 1-3, Hirth discloses a method and an apparatus of agglomerating particulate matter in a gas stream, the method comprising:

- dividing a flow of exhaust gas into at least two streams (3) of the gas, each gas stream including particulate matter;
- positively charging the particulate matter in one (3) of the at least two streams of exhaust gas;

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- negatively charging the particulate matter in the other (3) of the at least two streams of

exhaust gas; and

- combining the stream of exhaust gas having the positively charged particulate matter

with the stream of exhaust gas having the negatively charged particulate matter (in a common

passage (2)).

Hirth, however, fails to specifically disclose that the gas stream is exhaust gas from an

internal combustion engine.

Hirth discloses the claimed invention except for applying the invention to an exhaust gas

of an engine. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to apply the invention of Hirth to a purification system to remove

particulate matter from the exhaust gas of an engine, since the recitation of such amounts to an

intended use statement. Note that an internal combustion engine generates exhaust gas that

contains harmful emissions of particulate matter that require purification before the gas can be

released to the atmosphere; and the mere selection of the apparatus of Hirth for use in a

purification system of an engine would be well within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Re claims 3, 4, 8, and 9, in the method of Hirth, the particulate matter in the one stream

(3) of exhaust gas is positively charged by applying a positive voltage thereto and the

particulate matter in the other stream (3) of exhaust gas is negatively charged by applying a

negative voltage thereto.

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Re claims 12 and 14, in the apparatus of Hirth, the charging device (13) includes a plurality of positive electrodes disposed in the first exhaust conduit and a plurality of negative electrodes disposed in the second exhaust conduit.

Re claim 15, the apparatus of Hirth further includes a first ground disposed in the first exhaust conduit and a second ground disposed in the second exhaust conduit (as shown in Figure 2).

Re claim 17, the apparatus of Hirth further includes a ground disposed at the junction.

Re claims 2, 7, and 11, the method and apparatus of Hirth disclose the invention as cited above, however, fail to disclose that the method further includes passing the combined stream of exhaust gas through a particulate matter trap.

It is well known to those with ordinary skill in the art that the agglomerating particle matter in Hirth is to be collected in a trap so that the particle matter can be disposed of.

Therefore, such disclosure by Hirth is notoriously well known in the art so as to be proper for official notice.

4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirth as applied to claim 1 above, in view of McQuigg et al. (U.S. Patent 6,530,978).

The method of Hirth discloses the invention as cited above, however, fails to disclose that the characteristic being altered is the temperature of the particulate matter.

As shown in Figure 1, McQuigg et al. teach a system to remove particulate matters from a gas stream comprising passing the gas stream through a indirect gas cooler (24) to reduce the temperature of the gas stream. In this way, the particulate matters, aerosol particles, and water

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agglomerate together which is then removed from the gas stream (see claim 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made, to have utilized the gas cooler taught by McQuigg et al. in the method of Hirth, since the use thereof would have provided an effective means to remove particulate matters in the exhaust gas stream.

5. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirth as applied to claim 12 above, in view of legal precedent.

The apparatus of Hirth discloses the invention as cited above, however, fails to disclose that the positive electrode is configured to apply a positive voltage of at least 8 kV and the negative electrode is configured to apply a negative voltage of at least 7.5 kV.

Hirth disclose the claimed invention except for specifying optimum ranges of a positive voltage of at least 8 kV and a negative voltage of at least 7.5 kV applied to the positive electrode and negative electrode, respectively. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide specific optimum ranges of voltages to the positive electrode and negative electrode, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233

6. Claims 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirth as applied to claims 15 and 17, respectively, above, in view of Yang (U.S. Patent 6,193,934).

The apparatus of Hirth discloses the invention as cited above, however, fails to specifically disclose that for grounding, a copper screen is utilized around the inner perimeters

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of the first and second exhaust conduits and around the inner perimeter of the combined exhaust gas passage.

As shown in Figure 3, Yang teaches an emission control system comprising a tubular dielectric barrier plasma reactor (52), is shaped in the form of coaxial cylinders with an inner metal electrode (78) and an outer tube made of glass. A copper screen in contact with the surface of the tube serves as a ground electrode (80) (lines 34-36 of column 7). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made, to have utilized the copper screen for grounding as taught by Yang in the apparatus of Hirth, since the use thereof would have provided an apparatus safe to touch.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection(s) of the claims using Hirth have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Hirth (U.S. Patent 4,765,803).

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Communication

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Tu Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-4862.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Thomas E. Denion, can be reached on (571) 272-4859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TMN

September 19, 2005

Tu M. Nguyen

Primary Examiner

Tu M. Nguyen

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